

## Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to P16 (Mouse and Human)

<b>Catalogue Number</b>	sAP-0102
<b>Target Molecule</b>	<b>Name: P16 (Mouse and Human)</b> <b>Aliases: P16</b> <b>MW: N/A</b> <b>Entrez Gene ID: 1029</b>
<b>Description</b>	The progression of cells through the cell cycle is regulated by a family of protein kinases known as cyclin-dependent kinases (Cdks). The sequential activation of individual members of this family and their consequent phosphorylation of critical substrates promotes orderly progression through the cell cycle. The cyclins function as differentially expressed positive regulators of Cdks. Negative regulators of the cycle include the p53-inducible 21 kDa WAF1/Cip1 protein designated p21, Kip1 p27 and p16. The complexes formed by Cdk4 and the D-type cyclins have been strongly implicated in the control of cell proliferation during the G1 phase. It has recently been shown that p16 binds to Cdk4 and inhibits the catalytic activity of the Cdk4/cyclin D complex. Moreover, the gene encoding p16 exhibits a high frequency of homozygous deletions
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of P16 expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Reactive Species</b>	Human,Rat
<b>Clone</b>	MM2D9A12;
<b>Size and Concentration</b>	100µg/1mg/ml
<b>Supplied as</b>	Lyophilized Powder from 100µl of Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.
<b>Reconstitution/Storages</b>	Reconstituted with 100µl sterile DI H2O, at stored at 4°C or -20°C for short or long term storage
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA: 1 to 10000; WB: 1 to 500 - 1 to 2000; IHC: 1 to 200 - 1 to 1000
<b>Shipping</b>	Regular FEDEX overnight shipment (ambient temperature)
<b>Reference</b>	1. Hunter, T. 1993. Cell 75: 839-841. ; 2. Sherr, C.J. 1993. Cell 73: 1059-1065. ; 3. El-Deiry, W.S., et al. 1993. Cell 75: 817-825. ;

Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. The listed dilutions are for recommendation only and the final conditions should be optimized by the ender users! This product is sold for **Research Use Only**